# 大学入学共通テストについて ~リーディング第2問B(10点分)~

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## 1) 第2問AとBの境界線

大学入学共通テストリーディング第2問はAもBも、高等学校学習指導要領【コミュニケーション英語I】の以下の内容を踏まえて出題されています。

- (1) イ 説明や物語などを読んで、情報や考えなどを理解したり、概要や要点をとらえたりする。また、聞き手に伝わるように音読する。
- (2) ウ 事実と意見などを 区別して、理解したり伝えたりすること。

AとBの違いは「難易度」で、第2問Aは「CEFR-A1」であったが、Bは「CEFR-A2」の設定である。公表されている目標のチェックリストは以下の通り。違いは「絵や図があるかないか」と見て取れます。その分、語数が増えるので難しくなっています。

## CEFR-A1

- □日常生活において身の回りにある英語の中の語句や単純な文を理解できるようにする。
- □平易な英語で書かれたごく短い物語を読んで、<u>視覚情報などを参考にしながら</u>、あらすじを理解することができるようにする。
- □身の回りの事柄に関して平易な英語で書かれたごく短い説明を読んで、<u>視覚情報などを</u>参考にしながら、概要を理解することができるようにする

#### CEFR-A2

- □日常生活において身の回りにある短い平易なテクストから,必要な情報を読み取ることができるようにする。
- □平易な英語で書かれた短い物語を読んで、あらすじを理解 できるようにする。
- □身近な話題に関して平易な英語で書かれた短い説明や手紙を読んで、概要や要点を理解できるようにする。
- 2) 平成30年度 試行テストの正答率 (理想的な良問だったと思います)

#### 第2問 B

問1は80%、問2は42%、問3は49%、問4は56%、問5は63%

3) 実際の問題(問題→解説と続きます。まずは解いてみましょう)

B Your English teacher gave you an article to help you prepare for the debate in the next class. A part of this article with one of the comments is shown below.

# No Mobile Phones in French Schools

By Tracey Wolfe, Paris
11 DECEMBER 2017 • 4:07PM

The French government will prohibit students from using mobile phones in schools from September, 2018. Students will be allowed to bring their phones to school, but not allowed to use them at any time in school without special permission. This rule will apply to all students in the country's primary and middle schools.

Jean-Michel Blanquer, the French education minister, stated, "These days the students don't play at break time anymore. They are just all in front of their smartphones and from an educational point of view, that's a problem." He also said, "Phones may be needed in cases of emergency, but their use has to be somehow controlled."

However, not all parents are happy with this rule. Several parents said, "One must live with the times. It doesn't make sense to force children to have the same childhood that we had." Moreover, other parents added, "Who will collect the phones, and where will they be stored? How will they be returned to the owners? If all schools had to provide lockers for children to store their phones, a huge amount of money and space would be needed."

## 21 Comments

Newest

Daniel McCarthy 19 December 2017 • 6:11PM

Well done, France! School isn't just trying to get students to learn how to calculate things. There are a lot of other things they should learn in school. Young people need to develop social skills such as how to get along with other people.

| 問 1 According to the rule explained in the article, students in primary and middle schools |
|--|
| in France won't be allowed to ( ).   |
| 1 ask their parents to pay for their mobile phones   |
| 2 bring their mobile phones to school  |
| 3 have their own mobile phones until after graduation                                      |
| 4 use their mobile phones at school except for special cases                               |
|  |
| 問 2 Your team will support the debate topic, "Mobile phone use in school should be         |
| limited." In the article, one opinion ( not a fact) helpful for your team is that          |
| ( ).   |
| 1 it is necessary for students to be focused on studying during class                      |
| 2 students should play with their friends between classes                                  |
| 3 the government will introduce a new rule about phone use at school                       |
| 4 using mobile phones too long may damage students' eyes                                   |
|  |
| 問3 The other team will oppose the debate topic. In the article, one <u>opinion</u> (not a  |
| fact) helpful for that team is that ( ).   |
| 1 it is better to teach students how to control their mobile phone use                     |
| 2 students should use their mobile phones for daily communication                          |
| 3 the cost of storing students' mobile phones would be too high                            |
| 4 the rule will be applied to all students at the country's primary and middle schools     |
|  |
| 問 4 In the 3rd paragraph of the article, "One must live with the times" means that people  |
| should ( ).  |
| 1 change their lifestyles according to when they live                                      |
| 2 live in their own ways regardless of popular trends                                      |
| 3 remember their childhood memories  |
| 4 try not to be late for school  |
|  |
| 問 5 According to his comment, Daniel McCarthy ( ) the rule stated in the article.          |
| 1 has no particular opinion about  |
| 2 partly agrees with   |
| 3 strongly agrees with   |
| 4 strongly disagrees with  |

#### 4)解説

#### \*知っておくべき用法

- ① allow ~ to do 「~が to do するのを許可する」 ~ be allowed to do「許可される」
- ② prohibit ~ from doing 「~が doing するのを禁止する」
  →禁止系は ban、防止系は prevent、救済系は save など、他の語も確認を!
- 問 1 According to the rule explained in the article, students in primary and middle schools in France won't be allowed to ( ). 許可されなくなることを選ぶ問題
- 1 ask their parents to pay for their mobile phones (支払いしてもらう)
- 2 bring their mobile phones to school (校内への持ち込み)
- 3 have their own mobile phones until after graduation (所有)
- 4 use their mobile phones at school except for special cases (使用制限)

#### 冒頭部分

The French government will prohibit students from using mobile phones in schools from September, 2018. Students will be allowed to bring their phones to school, but not allowed to use them at any time in school without special permission. This rule will apply to all students in the country's primary and middle schools.

- 問 2 Your team will support the debate topic, "Mobile phone use in school should be limited." In the article, one <u>opinion</u> ( not a fact) helpful for your team is that ( ). 携帯電話使用制限賛成側の意見として役立つ意見は
- 1 it is necessary for students to be focused on studying during class (授業に集中すべき)
- 2 students should play with their friends between classes (休み時間友と遊ぶべき)
- 3 the government will introduce a new rule about phone use at school (政府の要請)
- 4 using mobile phones too long may damage students' eyes (目に良くない)

#### 2段目

Jean-Michel Blanquer, the French education minister, stated, "These days the students don't play at break time anymore. They are just all in front of their smartphones and from an educational point of view, that's a problem." He also said, "Phones may be needed in cases of emergency, but their use has to be somehow controlled."

- 問 3 The other team will oppose the debate topic. In the article, one <u>opinion</u> (not a fact) helpful for that team is that ( ). 反対派に有益な意見は
- 1 it is better to teach students how to control their mobile phone use (使用法指導すべき)
- 2 students should use their mobile phones for daily communication (日常利用促進)
- 3 the cost of storing students' mobile phones would be too high (校内管理費用がかさむ)
- 4 the rule will be applied to all students at the country's primary and middle schools (全生徒に適用予定)

## 3段目

However, not all parents are happy with this rule. Several parents said, "One must live with the times. It doesn't make sense to force children to have the same childhood that we had." Moreover, other parents added, "Who will collect the phones, and where will they be stored? How will they be returned to the owners? If all schools had to provide lockers for children to store their phones, a huge amount of money and space would be needed."

\*知っておくべき用法

must 義務「しなければならない」・推量「に違いない」 should 義務「すべきだ」 ・推量「のはずだ」

この箇所だけでは「義務か推量かわからない」。問題文の次の一文がカギ。
It doesn't make sense to force children to have the same childhood that we had.
「私たちと同じ幼少期を子どもに強いるなんて馬鹿げているわ」→義務
「時代に合わせて生きるべきよ」

- 1 change their lifestyles according to when they live
- 2 live in their own ways regardless of popular trends (流行りに流されず自分の道を)
- 3 remember their childhood memories (子供のころの思い出を思い出して)
- 4 try not to be late for school (遅刻しないように)

問 5 According to his comment, Daniel McCarthy ( ) the rule stated in the article.

- 1 has no particular opinion about (特に意見なし)
- 2 partly agrees with (部分的に賛同)
- 3 strongly agrees with (強く賛同)
- 4 strongly disagrees with (強く反対)

Newest Danie McCarthy

19 December 2017•6:11PM

Well done, France! School isn't just trying to get students to learn how to calculate things.

There are a lot of other things they should learn in school.

Young people need to develop social skills such as how to get along with other people.

# 5) まとめ

どうでしたか。とてもいい問題だと思います。学ぶべきものも多くあったと思いますのでしっかり確認してください。